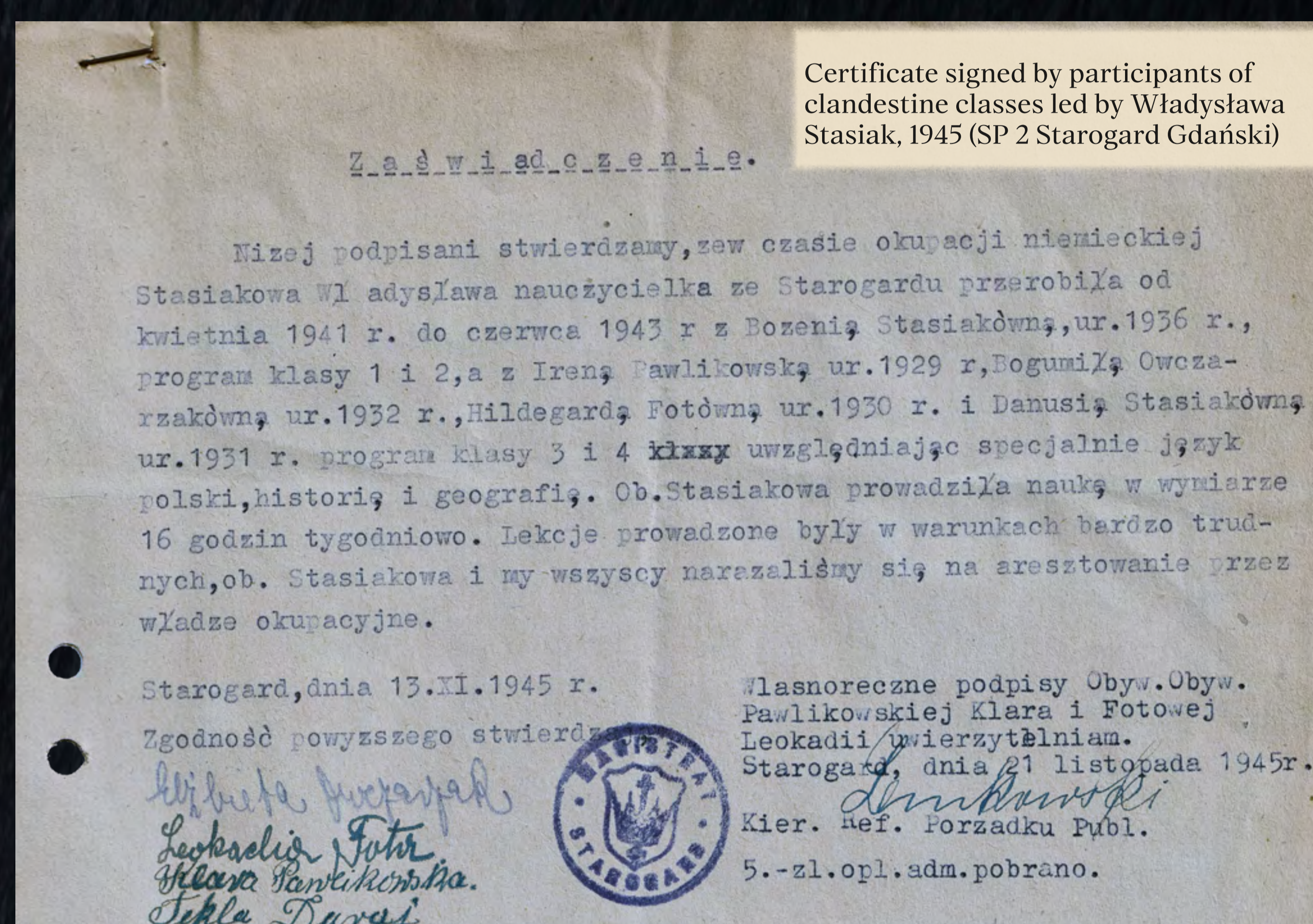


# Clandestine education in the occupied Pomerania Province Starogard District

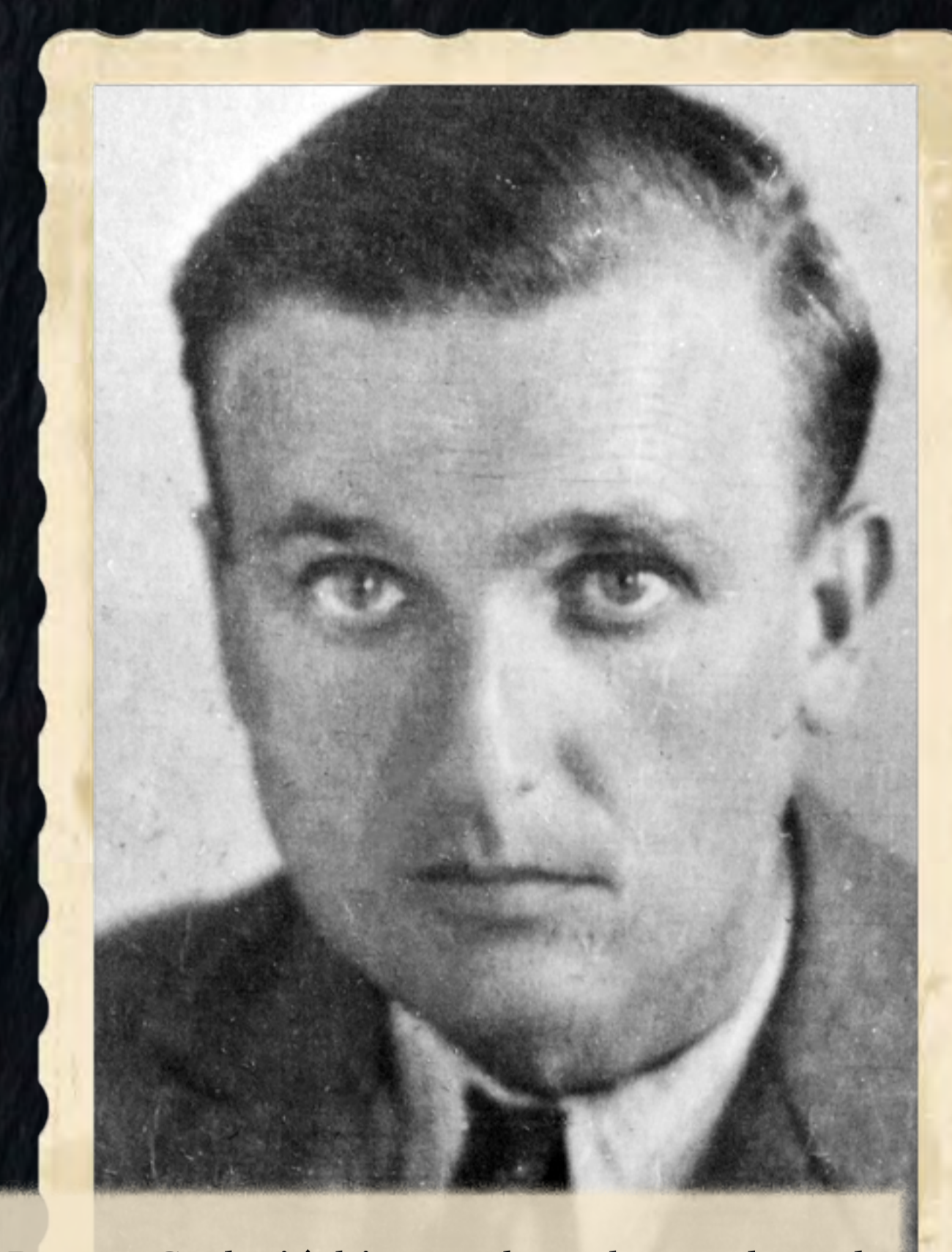
## Starogard

In July 1942, Józef Szymczak, an emissary of the Department of Culture and Education and the Secret Teaching Organization, arrived in Starogard. His mission was to promote and organize clandestine education.

Ludwika Rozkwitalska conducted clandestine classes in Pinczyn, initially for her own three children. Over time, the group of students grew to twelve. The children were divided into groups based on age and level of knowledge. Classes were held in the teacher's and students' apartments. The curriculum covered Polish language, geography, mathematics, and Polish history.



Władysława Stasiakowa conducted clandestine classes in Starogard Gdański from 1940. Initially, she taught her own children. Soon, they were joined by the children of her friends. Photo from the post-war period (SP 2 Starogard Gdański)



Brunon Szeleziński, a teacher who conducted clandestine classes in Starogard throughout the war. Photo from the post-war period (AMS)

## Barchnowy

Antonina Saganowska organized clandestine classes in Barchnowy. They were attended by six students. The lessons began with the curriculum for the upper grades of primary school. After their conclusion, and until the end of the war, she taught the students the curriculum for the first grade of middle school.

## Zelgoszcz

In Zelgoszcz, clandestine education within the primary school curriculum was conducted by secondary school student Bernard Bona.

